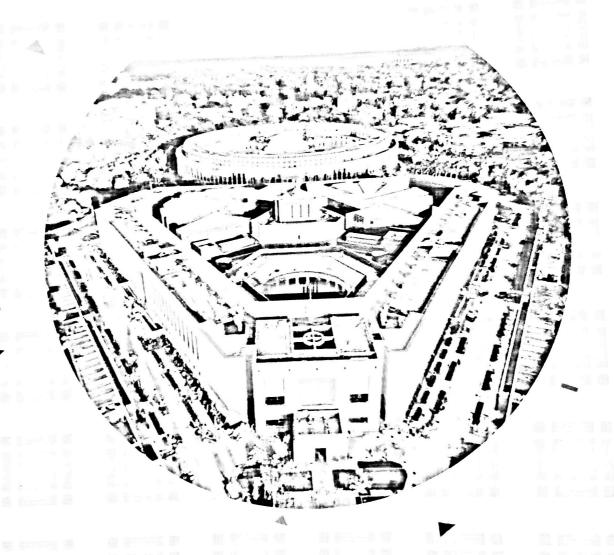
AATMA NIRBHAR BHARAT ABIYAN: SELF RELIANT INDIA



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MSME IS A TOOL FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

Mrs. A. Gracy Rani

Assistant Professor, Department of Economics Fatima College (Autonomous), Madurai

Dr.K. Selvalakshmi

Assistant Professor, Department of Economics Fatima College (Autonomous), Madurai

Abstract

Women constitute 50% of the total population. Traditionally women were confined themselves to the four walls of kitchen, but in the modern society, women come forward to participate in all types of activities, including entrepreneurship. Women entrepreneurship plays an important role in economic development. In India women empowerment can be attained through entrepreneurship programme it focuses the three important aspects based on i) Women development, ii) Economic growth and iii) Social stability through gender equality. There is growing evidence all over the world that MSMEs play a significant role in economic growth, productivity, innovation and employment of the country. MSMEs units account for about 45% of the total industrial production and 30% of the country's exports. MSMEs not only constitute of enterprises but they also strongly influenced by people, and most of all by the entrepreneurs behind them. Women entrepreneurs are the job provider instead of searching the job opportunities. This article shows the empowerment of women could be achieved through MSMEs.

Introduction

inistry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, popularly known as the engine of growth in the country and incubators of entrepreneurship has emerged as the torchbearers of -women empowerment on a global platform. In a developing country like India micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs) have a crucial role to play. MSMEs are considered very important because they contribute to employment generation, proper distribution of income, reduction of poverty, promotion of export of manufactured products, and rural economic development. MSMEs creates avenue for women, especially in rural areas, to be actively involved in economic activities, not only as hired workers but, more importantly as entrepreneurs. The word empower means to bestow power. Empowerment of Women through entrepreneurship involves access to resources and markets, actual ownership and active control, these may be the three important factors for the empowering women. In the process of empowerment, women should consider the consideration of the consi consider their strength, weakness, opportunities and threats and move forward to unfold their own potential. potential to achieve their goals through self development. MSMEs are great platform for development development of women's ability to become entrepreneurs.

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Objectives of the Study

- To study the concept of women empowerment through entrepreneurship ii) To compare the male and female entrepreneurs through MSME. ii) To compare the mate and remained to the Government for Women empowerment for Women empowerment

Methodology

thodology

The paper is descriptive in nature. The data collected in the paper is mainly from secondary of Grove. The paper is descriptive in manner.

sources like research papers, books, websites articles, articles, Annual reports of Government.

Concept of Women Entrepreneur

Women Entrepreneurs may be defined as the women or a group of women who initiate. organize and operate a business enterprise. Women are expected to innovate, imitate or adopt in the called women entrepreneurs. The term "Women Entrepreneurs in the called women entrepreneurs in the called women entrepreneurs in the called women entrepreneurs." economic activity to be called women entrepreneurs. The term "Women Entrepreneur" deals with the section of the female population who venture out into industrial activities i.e. manufacturing and other husinesses. According to the Co. assembling, job workers, repairs/servicing and other businesses. According to the Government of India, a woman entrepreneur is defined as, "an enterprise owned and controlled by a woman ind having a minimum financial interest of 51 percent of the employment generated in the enterprises to women".

Women and MSMEs Development in India

The Indian MSME sector is the backbone of the national economic structure and has unremittingly acted as the bulwark for the Indian economy, providing it resilience to ward off global economic shocks and adversities. the Micro sector with 630.52 lakh estimated enterprises accounts for more than 99% of the total estimated number of MSMEs. The Small sector with 3.31 lakh and the Medium sector with 0.05 lakh estimated MSMEs account for 0.52 % and 0.01 % of total estimated MSMEs, respectively. Out of 633.88 estimated numbers of MSMEs, 324.88 lakh MSMEs (51.25%) are in the rural area, and 309 lakh MSMEs (48.75%) are in urban areas.

Table 1.1

Sector Male Family				
Male	Female	all		
77.76	22.24	100		
81.58	18.42	100		
79.63	20.37	100		
	Male 77.76 81.58 79.63	Male Female 77.76 22.24 81.58 18.42		

Source: Annual Report of MSME 2021-22.

Table 1.1 shows that Area wise distribution of female enterprises. There is male dominance in the sector of MSME. ownership of MSMEs. However, Female Enterprises contribute 20.37 percent in the MSME Sector. The above table shows it The above table shows the percentage of female enterprises in SMEs in India. It is evident from the table that the Percentage of female enterprises in SMEs in India. It is evident from the table that the Percentage of female enterprises in SMEs in India. table that the Percentage of Rural female SMEs (22.24%) is more than the urban areas (18.42%).