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Publisher
Arul Anandar College (Autonomous)
Karumathur – 625514, Madurai



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Selective Sensing for the detection of Cu²⁺ by S-triazine ligand M. Priyadharsini^a, V. Aruldeepa^a, J. Jone Celestina^a and J. Infant Natalia^{a*}

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Abstract

A Novel chemosensor derived from S-triazine and pyridine-2-carbaldehyde was prepared by conventional method and it was characterized by FT-IR, 1 H-NMR spectrum. The specific selectivity in sensing of Cu^{2+} was effectively studied by colorimetric and fluorescence technique. The chemosensor display strong "turn-on" fluorescence and promising selectivity towards sensing of Cu^{2+} . The sensing was confirmed by UV-Visible spectrum. The mechanism of sensing is based on Photo Chelation enhanced fluorescence (CHEF). When Cu^{2+} binds with ligand gets inhibited thereby enhancing the fluorescence intensity and CHEF takes place due to the binding of Cu^{2+} with ligand. The detection limit was found out to be 0.03 μ M.

Keywords: S-triazine, Highly selective Cu²⁺ sensing, Fluorescence, Colorimetric