



Paulpandian Muthu Mareeswarar Palaniswamy Suresh Seenivasan Rajagopal

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Dr. Paulpandian Muthu Mareeswaran received Ph. D. from Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai, Tamilnadu, India in the field of supramolecular photochemistry. After Ph.D., he spent two years at Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (KAIST), Daejeon, South Korea. He received Brain Pool Korea (BK21 Plus) Fellowship in 2013. In 2014, he joined as DST INSPIRE Faculty at Department of Industrial Chemistry, Alagappa University, Karaikudi, Tamilnadu, India. Three Ph. D. students are graduated under his guidance. He published fifty-two publications in reputed journals. He has membership in academic bodies like Indian society for radiation and photochemistry (ISRPS). His current research activities include supramolecular photochemistry, carbon dioxide mitigation, sustainable energy resources and environmental science.



Palaniswamy Suresh

Dr Palaniswamy Suresh has revied his PhD degree from Madurai Kamaraj University, India, in organic supramolecular Chemistry under the supervision of Prof. K. Pitchumani. After that, he worked as a post-Doctoral fellow at the University of Puerto Rico, USA, under the supervision of Prof. Raphael G. Raptis. Then, he returned to India and joined as an Assistant Professor in August 2010 at the School of Chemistry, Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai, India. He is the recipient of the UGC-Raman fellowship to carry out collaborative research work at Florida International University, Miami for twelve months in 2016-2017 and SERB international travel grant to visit China in 2019. His research interest includes catalysis, C-H bond activation, metal-organic framework, graphene materials (both catalysis and sensors development), synthesis and application of modified cyclodextrin and asymmetric catalysis.



Seenivasan Rajagopal

Prof. Seenivasan Rajagopal served as senior professor in the Department of Physical Chemistry, School of Chemistry, Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai, India. He had 43 years of teaching experience and 39 years of research experience. He served as Chairperson of School of Chemistry and Head of the Department of Physical Chemistry at Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai, Tamilnadu, India. Forty students have earned Ph. D. under his guidance and he published more than 120 papers in reputed journals. He spent one year as UNESCO Fellow at Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan. He was a Visiting Professor for one year at Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica, Taiwan and as Visiting Scientist via Indo-Taiwan Exchange program in the period 2010-2012. He operated more than ten projects. His research work has been widely cited particularly in fundamental text books like Advanced Organic Chemistry by J. March, 4th Edition, Wiley, 1992, New York and Advanced Physical Chemistry by P. W. Atkind and Juilo de Paula, Oxford University Press, 2006, London.

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CHAPTER 4

Pillararenes: Younger Luminescent Supramolecular Systems

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Abstract: Since the development of supramolecular chemistry, synthetic macrocycles have also played an inevitable role in constructing the host-guest system. Among pillar[n]arenes, in short pillarenes, a decade-old younger member in the supramolecular family, after reported by Ogoshi et al. in 2008, has gained considerable attention. Due to the straightforward preparation methods, tunable cavity size, and symmetrical architecture makes it an ideal candidate in the supramolecular family. With this perspective, this chapter discusses a brief introduction to the synthesis, characterization, and structural features of different sizes of pillarenes. The presence of a confined hydrophobic and π-electron-rich cavity provided by a paraxyl ether or hydroquinone units offers a unique host-guest recognition capability towards positively charged and neutral molecules. Notably, the presence of a cavity with an aromatic wall provides a broad luminescent platform for various photophysical studies. This chapter elaborates on the contribution of pillarenes in tuning the photophysical properties of the small guest molecules and the formation of luminescent supramolecular materials. Further, the functionalization on the outer of the pillarenes has influenced the photophysical responses such as absorption and fluorescence, which paved a pathway for the development of supramolecular organic light-emitting functional material and novel sensor materials also discussed in this chapter. Finally, this chapter discusses all the progress and applications of luminescence pillarenes and their derivatives.

Keywords: Host, Host-Guest Chemistry, Luminescent materials, Pillararenes, Stimuli-Responsive.

INTRODUCTION

The flourishing tailored interest from the biomolecules created a lot of attention with attraction in the development of various supramolecular systems, which are projected as bio-mimics [1]. The ever-growing attraction in supramolecular chemistry can be recognized from its versatile application in diverse platforms

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